Introduction to Phonics at Barnes Farm Infant School

Thursday 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017

# Introduction

Children learn a great deal from other people.

As parents and carers, you are your child's first teachers. You have a powerful influence on your child's early learning.

#### The Spoken language

- From a very early age, children develop an awareness of the different sounds in our spoken language(s).
- They learn how to use their voices:
  - ▶ to make contact with you
  - ▶ to let you know what they need
  - ▶ to show how they are feeling
- As parents and carers, you best understand your child's communications; you are key in helping them to develop their speaking and listening skills

#### How can you help?

- Provide your child with lots of different opportunities to speak and listen with others:
  - Preparing meals
  - ► Tidying up
  - Putting shopping away
  - Getting ready to go out
  - Switch off the TV, radio and mobile phones
  - Show you are interested in their conversation
  - Read stories
  - Use puppets and toys

#### The Importance of Speech sounds

- As children grow older, they will begin to understand the different sounds in languages, and join in with stories, songs, rhymes by clapping, stamping and skipping.
- This is an important stage, as the ears are beginning to tune into the important sounds they can hear, and discriminate.
- Over time, your child will begin to distinguish between different speech sounds (phonemes), and they will match sounds to letters (graphemes). This is called phonic knowledge.

# Phase 1: Getting ready for phonics

- 1. Tuning into sounds
- 2. Listening and remembering sounds
- 3. Talking about sounds
  - Music and movement
  - Rhythm and rhyme
  - Sound effects
  - Speaking and listening skills

#### Phase 1

- > Your child will be learning to:
  - Have fun with sounds
  - Listen carefully
  - Develop their vocabulary
  - Speak confidently to you, other adults and children
  - Tune into sounds
  - Listen and remember sounds
  - Talk about sounds
  - Understand that spoken words are made up of different sounds

# Phase 1 Phase 1 is made up of Seven different aspects:

- Aspect One- Environmental sounds
- Aspect Two -Instrumental sounds
- Aspect Three Body percussion
- Aspect Four- Rhythm and Rhyme
- Aspect Five Alliteration
- Aspect Six Voice sounds
- Aspect Seven Oral blending and segmenting

# Aspect 1 - Environmental Sounds

- Developing the children's listening skills and awareness of sounds in the environment
- Further development of vocabulary and children's identification and recollection of differences between sounds
- Making up simple sentences and talk in greater detail about sounds
- https://youtu.be/li-oNQ2aTmc

#### Aspect 2 - Instrumental Sounds

- Experiencing and developing awareness of sounds made with instruments and noise makers
- Istening to and appreciating the difference between sounds made with instruments
- Using a wide vocabulary to talk about the sounds instruments make

## Aspect 3 - Body Percussion

- Developing awareness of sounds and rhythms
- Distinguishing between sounds and to remember patterns of sound
- Talking about sounds we make with our bodies

# Aspect 4 - Rhythm and Rhyme

- Experiencing and appreciating rhythm and rhyme
- Developing awareness of rhythm and rhyme in speech
- Increasing awareness of words that rhyme and developing knowledge about rhyme
- Talking about words that rhyme and producing rhyming words

# Aspect 5 - Alliteration and Voice Sounds

- Developing understanding of alliteration
- Listening to the sounds at the beginning of words and hearing the differences between them
- Exploring how different sounds are articulated, and extending understanding of alliteration
- Distinguishing between the differences in vocal sounds, including Oral blending(combining phonemes into words e.g. c-a-t = cat) and Segmenting (to break a word down into phonemes e.g. "cat" = c-a-t)
- Exploring Speech sounds

# Aspect 6 - -Voice Sounds and Oral Blending and Segmenting

- Talking about the different sounds we can make with our voices
- Developing the oral blending and segmenting of sounds in words
- Listening to phonemes within words and remembering them in the order in which they occur
- Talking about the different phonemes that make up words
- https://youtu.be/bSafwbjJbHI

# Aspect 7 - Assessment of Oral Blending and Segmentation

- Sound out and clap cvc words from the set of letters s,a,t,p,i,n,
- Understand that 'sound talk' words that are segmented like c-a-t
- Identifying objects with three phonemes from 'sound talk' like f-i-sh
- Blending two or three phonemes from 'sound talk' to make a word
- Play eye-spy by blending sounds
- Can copy 'sound talk'
- Can speak in 'sound talk'
- Can say how many phonemes he/she can hear

#### What you can do at home

- Activities to support learning in phase one –
- Sharing and story telling
- Singing songs
- Listening to rhymes and repeating patterns and refrains;
- Playing alliterative games
- using creative language in role play, drama and dance
- identifying sounds in names, words in the environment